

Passivhaus 101

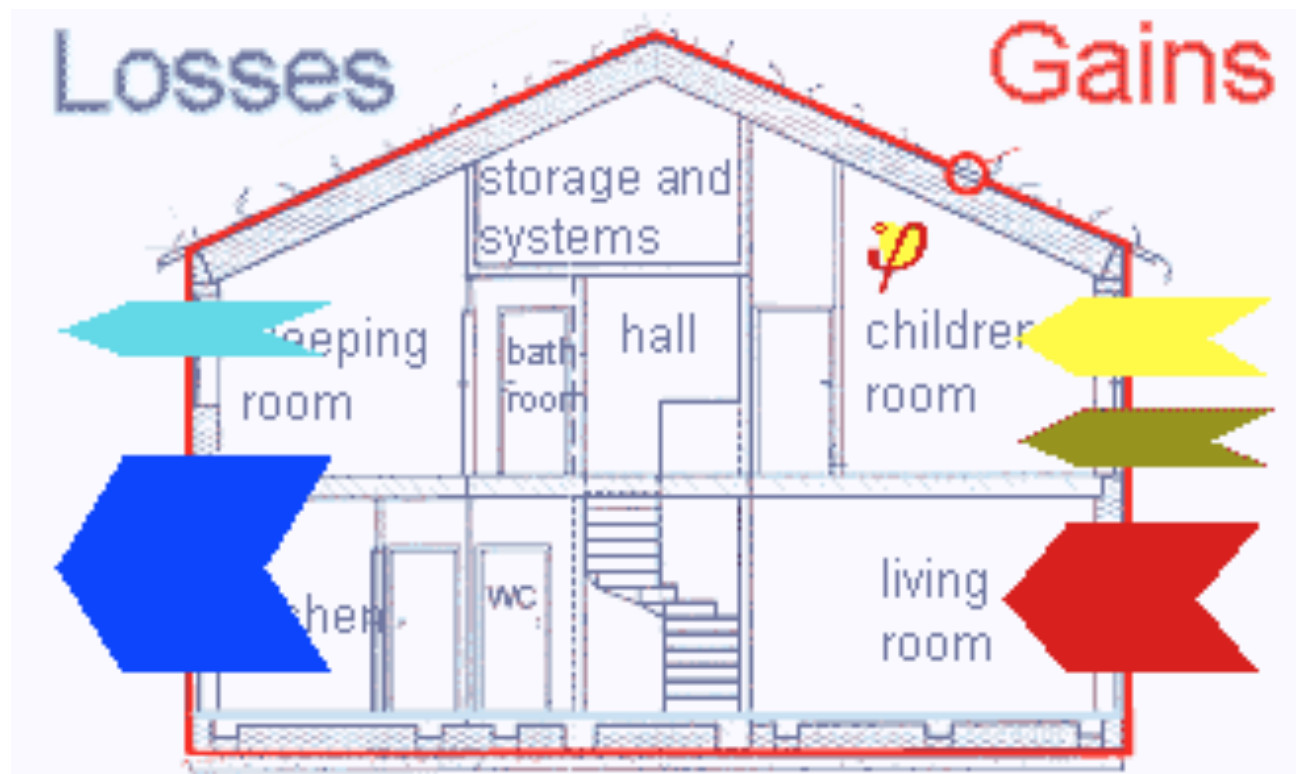
GAINS

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Heat Balance

GAINS:

A 'free' gain that can contribute to the heat balance is via the sun.



Heat Balance

GAINS:

INTERNAL GAINS:

Internal Heat Gains = Length of heating period x Average Internal Heat Load x Treated Floor Area

$$Q_I = t_{HEAT} * q_i * A_{TFA}$$

t_{HEAT} = The number of days in year that require heating (Dublin = 205, Lisbon=107) * **0.024 (hours)**

q_i = The typical average internal heat gains for the building type

(residential = 2.1

schools = 2.8

Assisted living = 4.1

Offices = 3.5)

Heat Balance

Example with our 5m x 5m x 5m cube

GAINS:

INTERNAL GAINS:

Internal Heat Gains = Length of heating period x Average Internal Heat Load x Treated Floor Area

$$Q_I = (205 \text{ days} \times 0.024) * 2.1 \text{ w/m}^2 * 25 \text{ m}^2$$
$$= 258.3 \text{ kWh/a}$$

t_{HEAT} = The number of days in year that require heating (Dublin = 205, Lisbon=107) * 0.024 (hours)

q_i = The typical average internal heat gains for the building type

(residential = 2.1 w/m²

schools = 2.8 w/m²

Assisted living = 4.1 w/m²

Offices = 3.5 w/m²)

Heat Balance

Now repeat for your project...

Remember we're only focussing on heat balance rather than heat load

Heat Balance – The final balance!

Steps:

1. Calculate the losses (transmission + ventilation)
2. Calculate the gains (solar + internal)
3. The Heat balance on heat space demand

= Losses minus Gains

Note this is for space heat demand, there's a similar calculation for heat load)

Heat Balance – The final balance!

Heat Balance =

Transmission Losses + Ventilation Losses – n x(Solar Heat Gains + Internal heat Gains)

(There's a 'Utilisation' Factor for 'Free' Heat that's also included in the Gains (n))

$$Q_H = (Q_T + Q_V) - n \times (Q_S + Q_I)$$

Heat Balance – The final balance!

Transmission Losses:

Are U from Galway?

Transmission Loss = Area x U value x Temperature Correction (f_T) x Heating Degree Hours (G_T)

For the 5m x 5m x 5m cube with 16m² of windows:

Transmission loss = 1993.3 KWh/a

U value = 0.15 W/m²K for walls 0.8 W/m²K for windows

f_T for walls = 1

f_T for floors = 0.8

Heating Degree Hours = 62 (Temperature difference between inside & outside & depends on location):

Dublin = 60KWh/a

Birr = 67KWh/a – This effectively is the 'heating season' as 67kKh/a (67,000 degree hours per year)

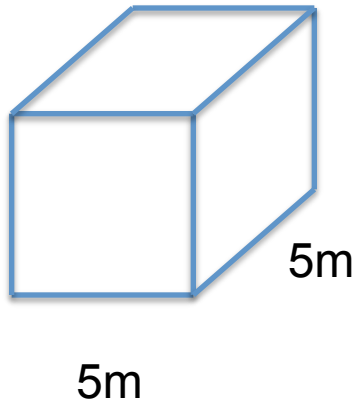
Heat Balance – The final balance!

Ventilation Losses:

Ventilation Loss = Ventilated Volume x Effective Air Change Rate x Heat Capacity of Air x Heating Degree Hours (G_T)

Ventilation Loss = $V_v \times 0.06 \text{ h}^{-1} \times 0.33 \text{ Wh/m}^3\text{K} \times 60\text{K}$ (G_T)

$$Q_v = V_v \times n_{\text{equiv}1} \times C_p P \times G_T$$



Ventilated Volume = $5\text{m} \times 5\text{m} \times 5\text{m}$

= 125m^3

Ventilated Volume = $125\text{m}^3 \times 0.06 \text{ h}^{-1} \times 0.33 \text{ Wh/}$

$\text{m}^3\text{K} \times 60$

= 148.5 KWh/a

Heat Balance – The final balance!

GAINS:

SOLAR GAINS:

Solar gains = Attenuating Factor For the glazing x Total solar energy Transmittance x Area of Window x Global Solar Radiation

$$Q_s = r * g * A_w * G$$

Q_s=solar gains

r = Attenuating factor for glazing comprising the frame to window ratio, how shaded/dirty the glass is and factoring in any radiation that is non-perpendicular to the glass

g=Total solar transmittance value of the glass (typically a value in the region 0.55-0.6 ie 55-60% of the energy is getting through the glass (ie the amount of solar gain delivered)

A_w=Area of the glazing

G=Global solar irradiation (this depends on location and orientation of window)

Heat Balance – The final balance!

GAINS:

SOLAR GAINS:

Solar gains = Attenuating Factor For the glazing x Total solar energy Transmittance x Area of Window x Global Solar Radiation

$$Q_s = 0.5 * 0.6 * 16m^2 * 391 \text{ KWh}(m^2a)$$

$$Q_s = 1876.8 \text{ kWh/a}$$

Q_s =solar gains

$r = 0.5$

$g = 0.6$

A_w =say 16m²

$G = 391 \text{ KWh}(m^2a)$ ((South facing in Dublin))

Heat Balance – The final balance!

GAINS:

SOLAR GAINS:

Solar gains = Attenuating Factor For the glazing x Total solar energy Transmittance x Area of Window x Global Solar Radiation

$$Q_s = 0.5 * 0.6 * 16m^2 * 391 \text{ KWh}(m^2a)$$

$$Q_s(\text{south}) = 1876.8 \text{ kWh/a}$$

$$Q_s(\text{north}) = \underline{403.2 \text{ kWh/a}}$$

$$Q_s(\text{east}) = \underline{1108.8 \text{ kWh/a}}$$

$$Q_s(\text{west}) = \underline{1147.2 \text{ kWh/a}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\text{TOTAL}=4536 \text{ kWh/a}}}$$

Heat Balance – The final balance!

Heat Balance =

Transmission Losses + Ventilation Losses – n x(Solar Heat Gains + Internal heat Gains)

(There's a 'Utilisation' Factor for 'Free' Heat that's also included in the Gains (n))

$$Q_H = (Q_T + Q_V) - n \times (Q_S + Q_I)$$

$$Q_H = (1993.3 \text{ kWh/a} + 148.5 \text{ kWh/a}) - 0.97 \text{ (97\% safety factor)} \times (1876.8 \text{ kWh/a} + 258.3 \text{ kWh/a})$$

$$Q_H = (2141.8 \text{ kWh/a}) - 0.97 \text{ (97\% safety factor)} \times (2135.1 \text{ kWh/a})$$

$$Q_H = (2141.8 \text{ kWh/a}) - 2071.04 \text{ kWh/a}$$

$$Q_H = 70.76 \text{ kWh/a}$$

Heat Balance – The final balance!

Interesting Conclusions:

The **Passive House** criteria allow buildings is 15 kWh/(m²yr) heat demand (remember NOT LOAD!)

The 5m³ example FAILS

Passivhaus is easier with bigger buildings